## Financial, Legal & Tax Advisory

Published by The Center for Financial, Legal & Tax Planning, Inc.



Roman A. Basi, President of The Center, is an Attorney, CPA, Real Estate Broker, and Title Insurance Agent. Roman speaks and advises The Center's clientele on such matters as Business Law, Succession, Estate & Tax Planning and Real Estate.



Dr. Bart A. Basi, Senior Advisor of the Center for Financial, Legal & Tax Planning, Inc., is an expert on closely-held companies, an attorney, and CPA. He is a member of the American Bar Association's Tax Committees on Closely-Held Businesses and Business Planning.

## **Topics to Consider Regarding Second Draw of PPP Funding**

Business owners, CPAs, loan officers, and if applicable, business brokers, should use a variety of tactics simultaneously as businesses pursue economic support in the form of a second draw of PPP funding. Per advice from the AICPA, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, borrowers may need to act quickly and diligently to fill out their forms for a second round of PPP funding. Some lenders are requiring PPP borrowers to apply for forgiveness on their first-draw PPP loan before they file to seek a second-draw PPP loan. However, according to the SBA and Treasury, this is not a requirement. Possible borrowers may want to consider other lenders to process the second-draw loan application without the business having to file for forgiveness on their first PPP loan.

Compiling the relevant data that lenders seek is a critical step. Information such as average monthly payroll amounts and (for second-draw PPP borrowers) quarterly revenue comparisons are necessary. Supporting documentation for the average monthly payroll calculation used to calculate the maximum loan amount can be obtained from clients to support those amounts they come up with and will be helpful in the future, as it drove the amount of the PPP funds the borrower received.

Borrowers also need to be aware of updates on PPP forgiveness and differences between first-draw and second-draw loans. Potential borrowers should understand that second-draw applications require borrowers to prove they have experienced at least a 25% reduction in gross receipts as a result of the pandemic by comparing one quarter of 2020 to the same quarter in 2019. New guidance makes certain covered operations expenditures, covered property damage costs, covered and covered worker protection supplier costs, expenditures eligible for PPP forgiveness. As of January 20, 2021, the SBA and Treasury released an updated and simplified version of the PPP Forgiveness application.

The form is called PPP Loan Forgiveness Application Form 3508S. It can be used by borrowers that received a PPP loan of \$150,000 or less. Borrowers are not required to submit any supporting documentation with the application but are mandated to maintain payroll, nonpayroll, and other documents that could be requested during an SBA loan review or audit. The groups also released a Form 3508 for entities that received PPP funds in excess of \$150,000. The second-round of PPP funding also opens the possibility of PPP funding for entities that were not eligible for the first-round such as certain 501(c)(6) not-for-profits. These entities include chambers of commerce, destination marketing organization, certain housing cooperatives, and some local media stations. If a borrower falls into this category, they should take notice to specific lender restrictions regarding funding as lender requirements for these entities tend to vary by lender.

Next, professionals and business owners should always be aware of possible changes that can be made to the PPP application/forgiveness process. For example, earlier in 2020, the IRS released guidance stating that PPP recipients would be unable to claim tax deductions on expenses that were paid for using PPP loans. While the AICPA respectfully disagreed, the IRS refused to change their position on the ruling. It was not until the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 passed in late December, that Congress passed legislation opposing the position of the IRS. Applicable expenses paid using PPP funds are also deductible on the tax return of the business.

There is no denying that certain industries have been hit harder than others by the COVID pandemic and regulations. If a business is eligible under the 25% gross revenue test, there should be no issues obtaining a second draw of PPP funding. If you own a small business and have any questions regarding applying for a second round of PPP loans, forgiveness on the loan, or any questions regarding the treatment of PPP loans during a sale or transfer of your company please reach out to the professionals at The Center for Financial, Legal and Tax Planning, Inc.

## FINDUS

Facebook: @taxplanningatthecenter

Twitter: @\_TaxPlanning

www.taxplanning.com

